



InSyBio

Intelligent Systems Biology

User Manual

Apply predictive analytics on multi-omics data with InSyBio Biomarkers

March 2022

Insybio Suite v3.0

www.insybio.com

InSyBio Biomarkers

Introduction

Biomarkers is a tool for:

- dataset preprocessing and statistical analysis of omics and multi-omics datasets
- training multi-biomarkers machine learning models for disease diagnosis, prognosis and response to therapies
- applying trained models to new data

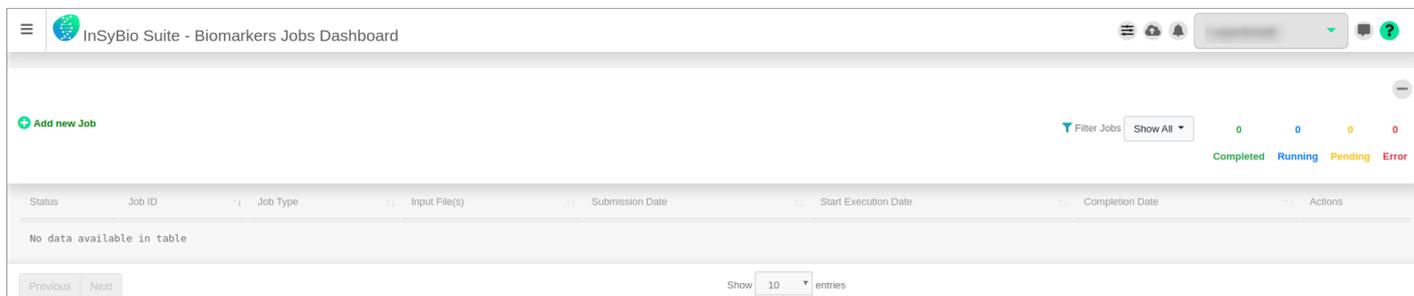
When the user selects the InSyBio Biomarkers tool he will access the Biomarkers dashboard:

| | | | Submission Date | Start Execution Date | Completion Date | Actions |
|------------------|----|---|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| | | ATA_with_missing_with_normalize_20labels.txt (PLC_DATA_with_missing_with_normalize_20datatransposed.txt) PLC_data_80_transpos and (PLC_labels_80) (model_16.txt) | 11/8/19 4:06 PM | 11/8/19 4:06 PM | 11/8/19 4:06 PM | View Results |
| Completed | 16 | Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model PLC_labels_80 (PLC_DATA_with_missing_with_normalize_80labels.txt) PLC_data_80_transpos (PLC_DATA_with_missing_with_normalize_80datatransposed.txt) | 11/8/19 3:30 PM | 11/8/19 3:30 PM | 11/8/19 4:02 PM | View Results |
| Error | 15 | Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model PLC_data_80 (PLC_DATA_with_missing_with_normalize_80data (1).txt) PLC_labels_80 (PLC_DATA_with_missing_with_normalize_80labels.txt) | 11/8/19 2:40 PM | 11/8/19 2:40 PM | 11/8/19 2:52 PM | View Details |
| Error | 14 | Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model Model created from (Preprocessed file from aorta_multi_dataset) and (aorta_labels.txt) (model_13.txt) Testset created from (Preprocessed file from aorta_multi_dataset) and (aorta_labels.txt) after splitting with percentage 0.3 (test_dataset_w_markers_13.txt) Test label created from (Preprocessed file from aorta_multi_dataset) and (aorta_labels.txt) after splitting with percentage 0.3 (test_labels_13.txt) | 10/8/19 9:34 AM | 10/8/19 9:34 AM | 10/8/19 9:34 AM | View Details |
| Completed | 13 | Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model Preprocessed file from aorta_multi_dataset (preprocessed_data_12.txt) aorta_labels.txt (ferheen_aorta_labels.txt) | 9/27/19 2:15 PM | 9/27/19 2:15 PM | 9/27/19 2:16 PM | View Results |
| Completed | 12 | Dataset Preprocessing aorta_multi_dataset (ferheen_aorta_multiple_conditions_dataset_With_Headers.txt) | 9/27/19 2:12 PM | 9/27/19 2:12 PM | 9/27/19 2:12 PM | View Results |
| Error | 11 | Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model Model created from (Preprocessed file from lung_data_no_samples) and (lung_labels.txt) (model_9.txt) Testset created from (Preprocessed file from lung_data_no_samples) and (lung_labels.txt) after splitting with percentage 0.3 (test_dataset_w_markers_9.txt) Test label created from (Preprocessed file from lung_data_no_samples) and (lung_labels.txt) after splitting with percentage 0.3 (test_labels_9.txt) | 9/27/19 1:36 PM | 9/27/19 1:36 PM | 9/27/19 1:36 PM | View Details |

The available functionalities in the “Add new Job” button include Biomarkers Dataset Preprocessing, Biomarkers Dataset Statistical Analysis, Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model and Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model.

Inside the biomarkers jobs dashboard the user will be able to view his current running, pending, successfully completed and completed with error jobs.

The biomarkers jobs dashboard of a new user will look like the following:



Under the column “Job ID” the table has the identification name of each job. In the column “Job Type” the user will be able to see the type of job, categorized as one of the following: Biomarkers Dataset Preprocessing, Biomarkers Dataset Statistical Analysis, Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model and Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model.

In the field “Input File(s)” the user will be able to view the input files of each job. At the field “Submission Date” the dashboard will display the exact date that each job has been submitted. At the field “Start Execution Date” the exact date of the initiation of each job will be displayed. At the field “Completion Date” the completion date of each job will be displayed. Also, at the field “Status”, each job will be either “Completed” or “Pending”, or “Running” or “Error” when an error will have occurred.

Dataset Preprocessing

During preprocessing we filter the dataset, perform normalization, missing values imputation, duplicate measurements averaging and outlier detection with the PCA LOF method.

The screenshot shows the 'InSyBio Suite - Dataset Preprocessing' interface. It features a header with the InSyBio logo and 'InSyBio Beta User' profile. The main area contains several configuration options for dataset preprocessing: 'Title' and 'Filename' input fields; two buttons: 'Select file from Data Store' (green) and 'Go to Data Store to Upload File' (blue); a 'Normalization' dropdown menu currently set to 'Arithmetic Sample-Wise Normalization'; a 'Missing values imputation' dropdown menu set to 'KNN-impute'; two 'Does your dataset have...' questions (headers for samples and features) both set to 'No'; a checkbox for 'Does the Normalization use a set of householding molecules?'; and a 'Submit Job' button at the bottom left.

More specifically, there are two kinds of normalization: arithmetic sample-wise and logarithmic. It should be noted that when the data contain negative numbers the arithmetic normalization should be chosen, since the logarithmic normalization method functions only with non-negative data. If “None” is chosen, no normalization takes place.

There are two kinds of missing value imputation methods as well: average imputation and KNN imputation. Average imputation is a method in which the missing value on a certain variable is replaced by the mean of the available cases¹. On the other hand, the key idea of KNN imputation is that a point value can be approximated by the values of the points that are closest to it, based on other variables². The above missing values imputation methods are relevant only for cases where a missing value does not imply a quantification value of zero. In such cases, missing values should be replaced with zeros before uploading the dataset. If “None” is chosen then no missing value imputation takes place.

Furthermore, if a missing values imputation method is being chosen instead of “None”, the duplicate measurements will be averaged.

The user will be prompted to upload a biomarkers dataset or select one from the Datastore. A biomarkers dataset should have as rows the biomarkers (molecules, or else features) and as columns the samples. Thus, each cell will contain the value of a biomarker in a sample. Also, the user should provide the information if there are

¹ [Single Imputation Methods](http://iriseekhout.com) (iriseekhout.com)

² [The use of KNN for missing values](http://towardsdatascience.com) (towardsdatascience.com)

headers inside the dataset (i.e. a samples header, features header, or both or none). To do this you'll have to choose "Yes" or "No" as answers to the questions "Does your dataset have sample headers?" and "Does your dataset have feature headers?". Additionally, the dataset should have its values separated with tabs (have TSV format).

The user can also provide a set of household molecules (biomarkers) to perform geometric normalization of the data additionally to the normalization method already being performed. To do that the user will have to tick the box beside the question "Does the Normalization use a set of householding molecules?", and insert the names of molecules in the box that appears, separated with commas or a new line. Householding molecules should represent a large abundance in the dataset, not have missing values and should not present high variability among the examined phenotypes.

The screenshot shows the 'InSyBio Suite - Dataset Preprocessing' interface. It features a header with the InSyBio logo and the text 'InSyBio Suite - Dataset Preprocessing'. On the right, there are icons for settings, a user profile 'InSyBio Beta User', and a help icon. The main content area is titled 'Biomarkers Dataset' and contains several input fields and controls: 'Title:' and 'Filename:' text boxes; two buttons: 'Select file from Data Store' and 'Go to Data Store to Upload File'; a 'Normalization:' dropdown menu set to 'Arithmetic Sample-Wise Normalization'; a 'Missing values imputation:' dropdown menu set to 'KNN-impute'; two 'Does your dataset have...' questions, both with 'No' selected; a checked checkbox for 'Does the Normalization use a set of householding molecules?'; a text box containing 'ATM,TP53,BRCA1,...'; and a 'Set of variables for normalization' label. A green 'Submit Job' button is located at the bottom left.

Complex combinations of the above preprocessing methods can be conducted by applying these analysis steps sequentially (e.g. first logarithmic normalization and then arithmetic normalization).

After dataset preprocessing finishes successfully, by selecting "View Results" from the Biomarkers dashboard page the user will view a page like the following:

InSyBio Suite - Dataset Preprocessing Results

Job Status: COMPLETED | Job ID: 12 | Submission Date: Sep 27, 2019 2:12:39 PM | Execution Time: 00 hours, 00 minutes, 01 seconds | Input Data and Parameters

Biomarkers Dataset File: preprocessed_data1569593560_2460.txt | Download: File | Next Action: --Select Action--

Run Info

Data were successfully filtered!

Results of filtering:

- * Total Number of Molecules = 364
- * Total Number of Molecules with missing values less than the allowed threshold = 198
- * Percentage of Missing Values in all molecules = 0.21

KNN imputation method was used!

Arithmetic normalization was used!

Duplicate measurements have been averaged successfully!

In the above page the user will be able to view the Input Data and the Parameters that he chose for the specific job, that is the description of the input file and its name, the normalization method chosen, the missing values imputation method chosen and the set of variables chosen for normalization. Additionally the user will be able to view the Biomarker Job Information, which includes the submission, start, execution and completion date, the total runtime (execution time) and the status.

From the results, the user will be able to download the resulting preprocessed file and choose one of the two actions as a next step.

From this point the actions that the user will be able to select from are to perform statistical analysis of the dataset (“Biomarkers Dataset Statistical Analysis”) or to train a predictive analytics model (“Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model”).

Biomarkers Dataset Statistical Analysis

This page allows the user to perform simple tasks of statistical analysis on a biomarkers dataset including: Differential Expression Analysis, Heatmap construction and spearman correlation table construction.

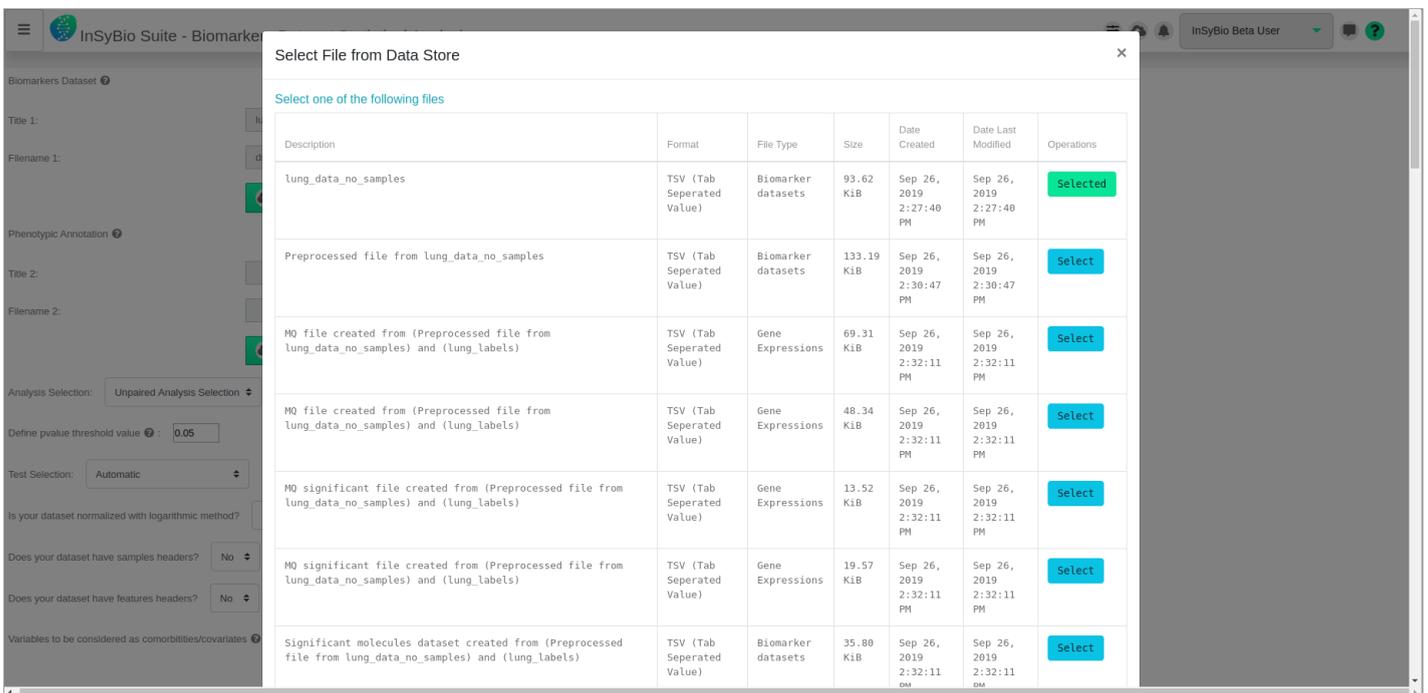
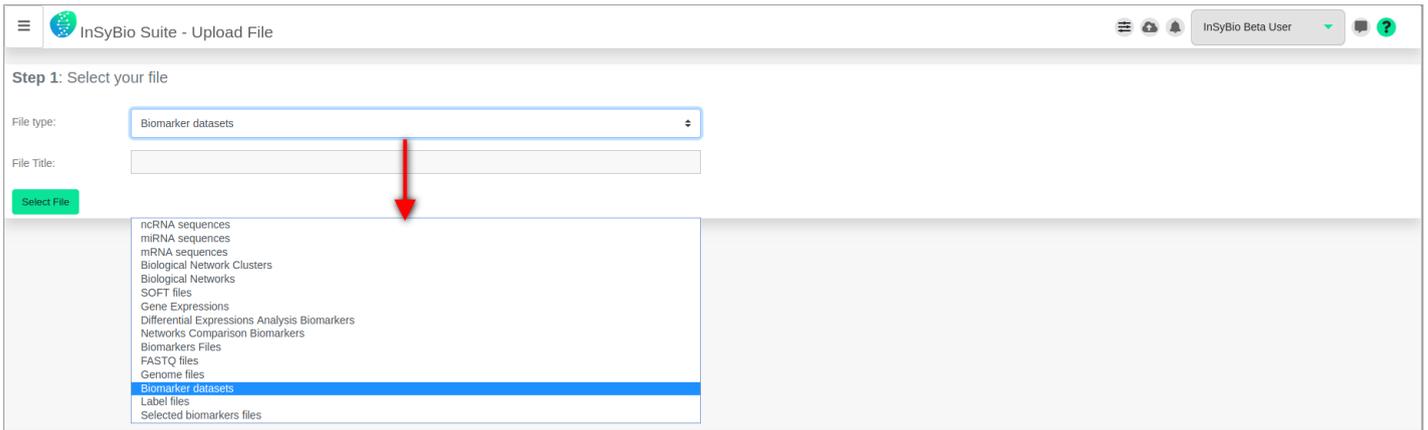
Only variables annotated as genes/transcripts/proteins will be used for differential expression analysis. If a user has uploaded a phenotypic annotation file with more than two columns then multiple tasks will be created with one column of the phenotypic annotation per file. Every phenotypic column can take two or more values.

The screenshot shows the InSyBio Suite - Biomarkers Dataset Statistical Analysis interface. The page is titled "Biomarkers Dataset" and includes the following fields and controls:

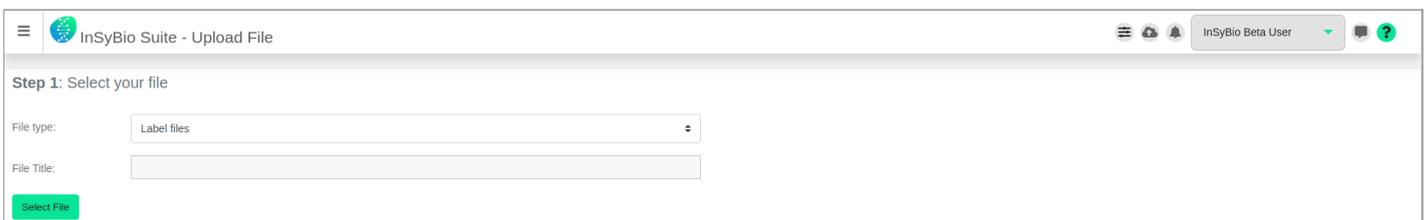
- Title 1:** Text input field.
- Filename 1:** Text input field.
- Phenotypic Annotation:** Section with two sub-headers:
 - Title 2:** Text input field.
 - Filename 2:** Text input field.
- Analysis Selection:** Dropdown menu set to "Unpaired Analysis Selection".
- Define p-value threshold value:** Input field set to "0.05".
- Test Selection:** Dropdown menu set to "Automatic".
- Is your dataset normalized with logarithmic method?:** Dropdown menu set to "No".
- Does your dataset have samples headers?:** Dropdown menu set to "No".
- Does your dataset have features headers?:** Dropdown menu set to "No".
- Variables to be considered as comorbilities/covariates:** Text input field containing "ACTA...".
- Submit Job:** Green button at the bottom left.

Navigation buttons for the Phenotypic Annotation section include "Select file from Data Store" (green) and "Go to Data Store to Upload File" (blue).

If the user visits the statistical analysis page after executing the Dataset Preprocessing step, the Biomarkers Dataset file will be pre-chosen for him. Otherwise, he'll have to upload a file on Datastore by selecting "Go to Data Store to Upload File" by selecting as filetype "Biomarker datasets", and then select the uploaded by pressing "Select file from Data Store", as shown in the examples below:



Afterwards, the user will have to either upload or select from the Data Store the phenotypic annotation which pairs the biomarkers dataset. If he uploads the labels file, the user should select as filetype “Label files”, as shown in the next image:



The labels (each one corresponding to a sample) should be all in one row, separated by tabs.

Later on, the user will have to select the type of analysis to be made on the inserted dataset. There are two types of statistical analysis, paired and unpaired analysis.

Afterwards the user will have to insert the p-value threshold value, which is recommended to be 0.05.

Then, the user will choose the kind of test to be performed on the selected dataset: automatic, parametric Ebayes Test Selection, parametric 2-sided Students T-test (or One-way ANOVA Test Selection) or non-parametric Kruskal Wallis (or Mann Whitney Test Selection) test. If the automatic version is chosen, then our algorithm will decide which test to run: the parametric or non-parametric.

Afterwards the user will have to indicate if his dataset was preprocessed using logarithmic normalization or not.

Also, the user will have to insert the information regarding the headers of the input dataset. If the dataset has a sample header, "Yes" should be chosen as an answer to the first question, else "No". If the dataset has a features (biomarkers) header, "No" should be chosen as an answer to the second question.

Finally, the user can also provide a set of household molecules (biomarkers) to perform geometric normalization of the data additionally to the normalization method already being performed. To do that the user will have to insert the names of molecules in the box that appears, separated with commas or a new line.

Householding molecules should represent a large abundance in the dataset, not have missing values and should not present high variability.

When the job is completed in the biomarkers dashboard, the user will be able to select to "View Results" getting to a page like the following:

InSyBio Suite - Biomarkers Dataset Statistical Analysis Results
InSyBio Beta User

Job Status
Job ID
Submission Date
Execution Time
Input Data and Parameters

COMPLETED
452
Jun 3, 2021 3:01:54 PM
00 hours, 00 minutes, 20 seconds
[i](#)

Statistical Analysis Results
Heatmap Visualization
Volcano Plots Visualization
Significant Molecules
MQ Files
Beanplots Download
All Results Download
Run Info

Statistical Analysis Results (Top 20*)

*You can download the full results from "All Results Download" tab.

p-Values top20

| IDs | Pvalue | Adjusted Pvalue | Fold Change |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Age (years) | 0.00012198543038503091 | 0.001539637705193092 | 0.11894131216350945 |
| Smoking | 0.30975501607977707 | 0.4439821897143471 | 0.045543482951146574 |
| PE side | 0.4048341285541227 | 0.5043748920406902 | 0.0136139601196409 |
| PE size (% of lung field) | 1.552957646091476e-08 | 6.677717878193347e-07 | 0.1448246333009965 |
| PF RBC (1000_mm3) | 0.0142515658857721 | 0.055710666644381845 | 0.020712023130608177 |
| PF NC (1000_mm3) | 0.0012351105046412541 | 0.00590108352217488 | -0.01207662263210369 |
| WBC (1000_mm3) | 0.1808935114797134 | 0.31113656397451067 | -0.001529408773678964 |
| PF_NC_WBC_ratio | 0.0019276367947083362 | 0.008288838217245846 | -0.014508861316051844 |
| PF mononuclear cells (%) | 0.04946379965500796 | 0.16361102962810326 | 0.065275263110668 |
| PF neutrophils (%) | 2.857734391286766e-05 | 0.0006144128941260547 | -0.14200804052488997 |
| PF lymphocytes (%) | 0.0005285067062035405 | 0.00324654119525032 | 0.0950857147557328 |
| PF eosinophils (%) | 0.5688587616322165 | 0.6611061283833868 | -0.021694287637088732 |

In the results page the user will be able to view the Statistical Analysis Results (the top 20 features), the Heatmaps, the Volcano plots, the significant molecules, the molecular quantification (MQ) files and he'll be able to download the Beanplots and all the resulting files. Finally, in the last tab the run information will be displayed.

Training Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model

This page allows users to train their own predictors using a biomarkers dataset, a phenotypic annotation and by providing some parameters.

Biomarkers Dataset

Title 1:

Filename 1:

Phenotypic Annotation

Title 2:

Filename 2:

Do you want to split the dataset in training and testing?

Is your dataset normalized with logarithmic method?

Does your dataset have samples headers?

Does your dataset have features headers?

Variables to be considered as comorbidity/covariates:

What's your Prediction Problem?

Two-Class O-Regression OMMI-Class

Predictor Goals

| 1. Selected Features Minimization | 2. Classifier's Accuracy | 3. F1 score | 4. F2 score |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> |
| 5. Classifier's Precision | 6. Classifier's Recall | 7. Classifier's ROC AUC | 8. Model Complexity Minimization |
| <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> |

Advanced Options

Multiobjective Optimization Framework Parameters

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Population Size: <input type="text" value="50"/> | Arithmetic Crossover Probability: <input type="text" value="0"/> | Mutation Probability: <input type="text" value="0.01"/> |
| Generations: <input type="text" value="100"/> | Two Point Crossover Probability: <input type="text" value="0.9"/> | k in k-fold Cross Validation: <input type="text" value="5"/> |

These parameters have been tested in various diagnostic and prognostic applications by InSyBio's R&D team and they have proven to provide efficient exploration and exploitation of the search space minimizing also the risk of getting trapped to local optimal solutions. If you are not a bioinformatician with expertise in machine learning, we strongly advice not to change these parameters and to contact our support team if the default values do not provide good predictive models for your dataset.

Firstly the user will have to input a preprocessed biomarkers dataset, selecting it from the Data Store or by uploading it. Then the user will have to insert a phenotypic annotation file.

Later on, the user will have to indicate if his dataset was preprocessed using logarithmic normalization or not.

Afterwards, the user will have to choose to split or not the input dataset to training set and test set, by selecting the percentage ("Filtering percentage") of the original file

that will be the test set. If chosen, the model will be trained using the training set, and the test set will be stored in Data Store for later use.

Then the user will have to insert the information regarding the headers. That is to inform the application if the original dataset has sample headers or feature headers. Optionally, the user will have the option to insert the names of the features that will be used for normalization.

Eventually, the user chooses the kind of prediction problem he has at hand. Later, he can alter the weights of the predictor goals. It is advisable to use the default values. The higher the weight, the more significant the goal.

Finally, the user can alter the multi-objective optimization framework parameters by pressing the button “Show Advanced Options”. Those are the population size, the number of generations, the arithmetic crossover probability, the two point crossover probability, the mutation probability and the number of folds k for the cross validation.

What's your Prediction Problem?

Two-Class
 Regression
 Multi-Class

Predictor Goals ✖

| 1. Selected Features Minimization | 2. Classifier's Accuracy | 3. F1 score | 4. F2 score |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> |
| 5. Classifier's Precision | 6. Classifier's Recall | 7. Classifier's ROC AUC | 8. Model Complexity Minimization |
| <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="1"/> |

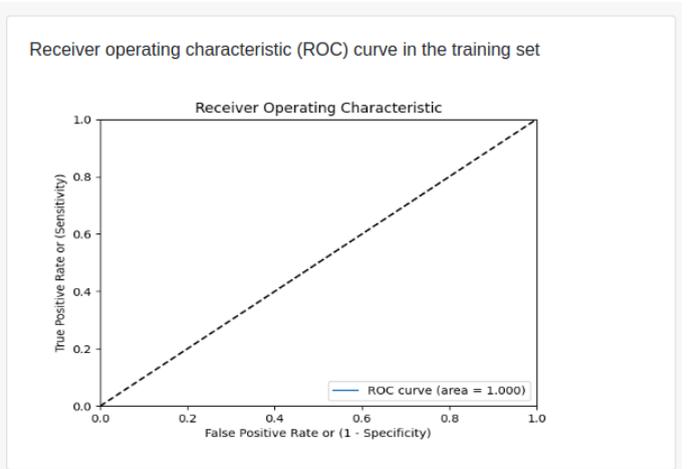
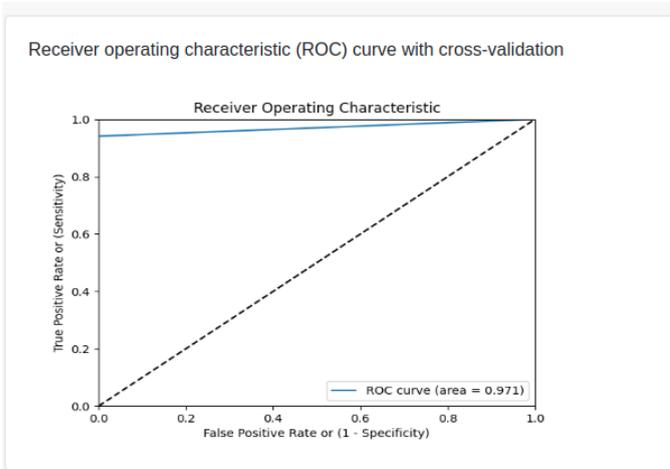
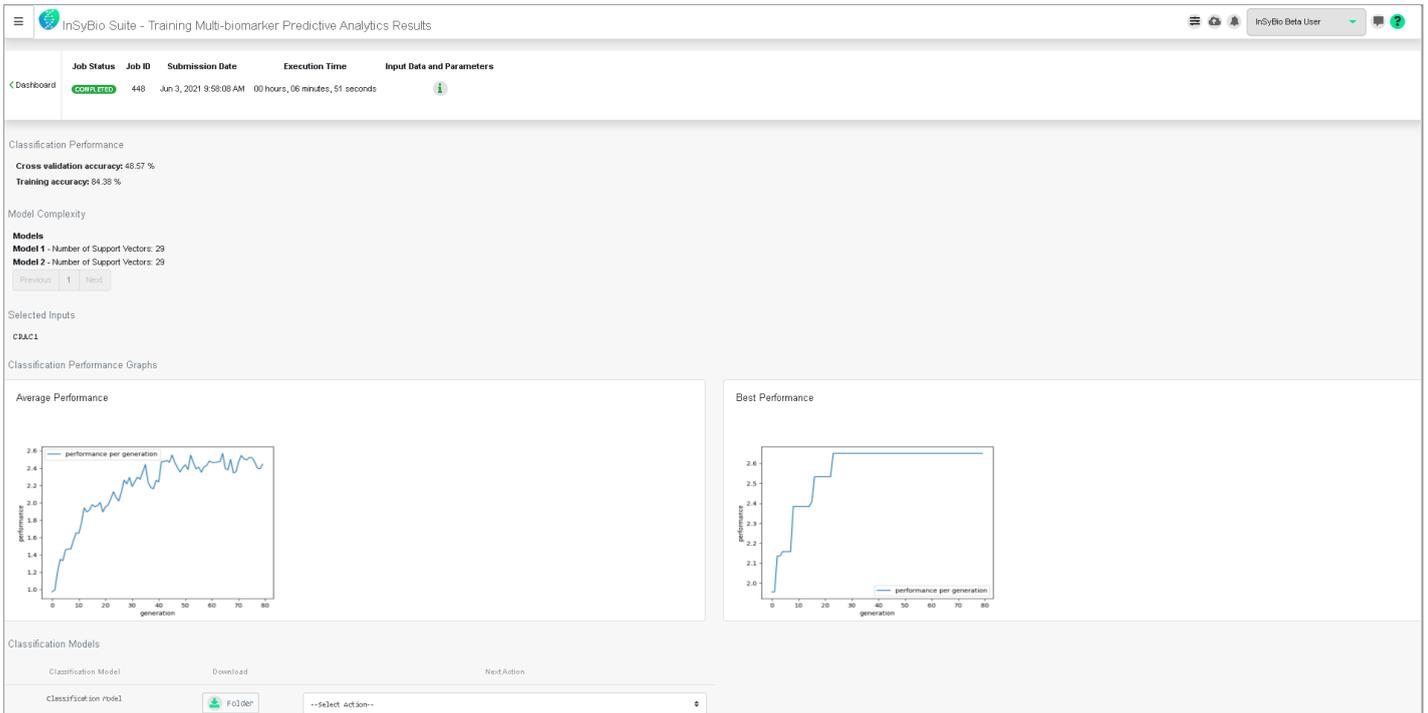
Advanced Options

| Multiobjective Optimization Framework Parameters | | |
|--|---|--|
| Population Size: <input type="text" value="50"/> | Arithmetic Crossover Probability: <input type="text" value="0"/> | Mutation Probability: <input type="text" value="0,01"/> |
| Generations: <input type="text" value="100"/> | Two Point Crossover Probability: <input type="text" value="0,9"/> | k in k-fold Cross Validation: <input type="text" value="5"/> |

These parameters have been tested in various diagnostic and prognostic applications by InSyBio's R&D team and they have proven to provide efficient exploration and exploitation of the search space minimizing also the risk of getting trapped to local optimal solutions. If you are not a bioinformatician with expertise in machine learning, we strongly advice not to change these parameters and to contact our support team if the default values do not provide good predictive models for your dataset.

Submit Job

The result page will have the following form:



As shown, the user will be able to see the input files that he's inserted, the type of prediction problem and the biomarker job information (submission date, start execution date, completion date, execution time and status).

Also the user will be able to view the classification (or regression) performance of the cross validation and of the training set. For the two-class prediction problem the user will be able to see the accuracy, sensitivity, and specificity. For the multi-class prediction problem the user will be able to see only the accuracy and for the regression prediction problem the user will be able to view the root mean square error.

Additionally, the complexity of every model, which is the total number of support vector machines, the number of trees for RandomForest and the number of neurons for the CNN and also, the average and the best performance of the trained model are being displayed.

Two more Roc Curves for the cross validation and the training set are also produced and displayed. An Roc Curve (Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve) is a graph showing the performance of a classification model at all classification thresholds using the True and False Positive Rates.

From this point the user will be able to continue by choosing as a next action the "Testing Multi-biomarkers Predictive Analytics Model".

Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model

This page will allow the users to test the predictors that they have trained in the previous "training" step.

The first input is the model file which will have been autocompleted from the previous step.

The second input file is the test dataset, which can be preprocessed or not preprocessed. If the user has chosen in the training step to split that input dataset, the

form of the test dataset will have been completed with the produced test dataset. In such a case the user should insert that the input dataset doesn't have sample headers but it has feature headers.

The screenshot shows the InSyBio Suite interface for testing a multi-biomarker predictive analytics model. The page title is "InSyBio Suite - Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Model". The user is logged in as "InSyBio Beta User".

The interface is divided into three main sections for file selection:

- Model File:** Includes input fields for "Title 1:" and "Filename 1:", and a green button labeled "Select model file from Data Store".
- Testset File:** Includes input fields for "Title 2:" and "Filename 2:", and two buttons: "Select file from Data Store" (green) and "Go to Data Store to Upload File" (blue).
- Testset Labels (Optional):** Includes input fields for "Title 3:" and "Filename 3:", and two buttons: "Select file from Data Store" (green) and "Go to Data Store to Upload File" (blue).

Below the file selection sections, there are three dropdown menus:

- "Is your Dataset already Preprocessed?" with a "Yes" selection.
- "Does your dataset have samples headers?" with a "No" selection.
- "Does your dataset have features headers?" with a "No" selection.

A green "Submit Job" button is located at the bottom left of the form.

The third input are the testset labels, which is optional. If the user inserts the testset labels then he'll receive as an output along with the predicted labels the performance metrics of the prediction.

The user may choose to test a non-preprocessed testset. Then he'll have to choose as normalization and missing imputation methods those methods that he'd chosen to preprocess the training dataset. He may also insert a set of variables for normalization, to use the geometric normalization method.

The form contains the following fields and options:

- Is your Dataset already Preprocessed?** (Dropdown menu): No
- Normalization Method** (Dropdown menu): Arithmetic
- Missing Imputation Method** (Dropdown menu): Average
- Set of variables for normalization** (Text area): ACTA,...
- Does your dataset have samples headers?** (Dropdown menu): No
- Does your dataset have features headers?** (Dropdown menu): No
- Submit Job** (Green button)

It should be noted that the input dataset must have the format of the previous functionalities, that is it should have as rows the features and as columns the samples.

The results the user will be getting are the following. Firstly he will view the input data and the chosen parameters, such as the model file, the test dataset file, the labels file, and the type of the problem. Then he'll be able to view the biomarker job information, such as the submission date, the start execution date, the completion date, the execution time, and the status (completed or not). Finally he'll view the predicted labels and the performance metrics. For the two classification problems (two-class, multi-class) he'll view the test set accuracy, specificity, sensitivity and the geometric mean of specificity and sensitivity. For the regression he'll view the testset mean squared error and the test set squared correlation coefficient. The above are being displayed in the following image as an example.

InSyBio Suite - Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics Results

Job Status Job ID Submission Date Execution Time Input Data and Parameters

Dashboard **COMPLETED** 17 Nov 8, 2019 4:06:30 PM 00 hours, 00 minutes, 01 seconds

Predictions of Testing Multi-biomarker Predictive Analytics

0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1

Classification Performance

Test set accuracy: 72.22%

Test set sensitivity: 74.07%

Test set specificity: 71.11%

Test set geometric mean: 72.58%

How to get InSyBio Biomarkers

To request a free one month license of InSyBio Suite please email us at info@insybio.com.

To purchase InSyBio Biomarkers commercial version 3.0 please contact us at sales@insybio.com.

About Us

InSyBio Ltd is a bioinformatics pioneer company (www.insybio.com) in personalized healthcare, that focuses on developing computational frameworks and tools for the analysis of complex life-science and biological data in order to develop predictive integrated biomarkers (biomarkers of various categories) with increased prognostic and diagnostic aspects for the personalized Healthcare Industry.

InSyBio Suite consists of tools for providing integrated biological information from various sources, while at the same time it is empowered with robust, user-friendly and installation-free bioinformatics tools based on intelligent algorithms and methods.

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